

Supplementary Table 1: Housing and services outcomes

	n	%
Housing		
<i>Permanent housing</i>	303	52.3
Autonomous housing	188	32.5
Supervised housing	85	14.7
Living with a family member	30	5.2
<i>Temporary housing</i>	63	10.9
Transitional program	63	10.9
<i>Inpatient treatment/drug or alcohol rehabilitation</i>	91	15.7
Hospital	79	13.6
Drug or alcohol rehabilitation	12	2.1
<i>Not reaffiliated to housing</i>	122	21.1
Homeless	115	19.9
Detention	7	1.2
Total	579	100.0
Services^a		
<i>Full medical and psychosocial services</i>	392	67.7
Transitional Assertive Community Treatment (ACT) team for people experiencing homelessness (SII) ^b	45	7.8
Assertive Community Treatment (ACT)	77	13.3
Intensive Case Management (ICM)	41	7.1
Outpatient psychiatry follow-up	207	35.8
Family doctor and front-line services	22	3.8
<i>Specific services</i>	25	4.3
Addiction follow-up	20	3.5
Asylum seekers programs	4	0.7
Neurodevelopmental services	1	0.2
<i>Community psychosocial services</i>	107	18.5
Shelter psychosocial services	37	6.4
Community psychosocial and housing services	70	12.1
<i>Other</i>	20	3.5
Homeless outreach services	15	2.6
Unknown services in country of origin (outside of Canada)	5	0.9
> 1 follow-up	52	9.0
No follow-up	87	15.0
Total	579	100
Transfer to both housing and services		
Permanent housing with services	290	50.1
Temporary housing with services	61	10.5

^a Some participants were involved with more than one service at program discharge.

^b SII (Suivi Intensif Itinérance) is a shelter-based ACT team designed to address the needs of persons unable to access the PRISM program because they refuse to stay at the shelter, are excluded for behavioral problems, or necessitate a more intensive and less time-limited approach.

Supplementary Figure 1: Flow diagram of PRISM users



