Online Supplement

Online Supplemental Table. Characteristics of older (age ≥50) respondents to the 2005-2014 National Survey for Drug Use and Health questionnaires, stratified by parole and probation status.

	Any community	Neither parole nor
Characteristic	correctional supervision ^a	probation ^a
Unweighted sample size (N)	499	60,561
Demographic variables (%)		
Age 65+ years old	17.3**	41.1**
Female	26.5**	53.8**
Black	20.5**	9.8**
Hispanic	11.6	8.6
Did not graduate high school	28.7**	15.8**
Past-year socioeconomic variables (%)		
Impoverished	25.6**	8.3**
Any health insurance	77.9**	93.1**
Any government assistance	34.9**	14.4**
Past-year mental health variables (%)		
Major depressive episode ^b	15.6**	5.0**
Serious psychological distress ^c	22.6**	6.3**
Any outpatient mental health treatment ^d	19.9**	5.8**
Any mental health prescriptions ^e	28.1**	12.0**
Past-year substance use variables (%)		
Alcohol abuse or dependence ^f	20.6**	3.2**
Drug abuse or dependence ^f	7.4**	.6**
Specialized substance use treatment ^g	14.3**	.4**
General health variables (%)		
Self-rated health fair/poor	35.1**	20.0**

^{**} p < 0.001

^a Chi-squared tests with second-order Rao-Scott correction tested for differences between the groups.

^b Major depressive episodes derived from the National Comorbidity Survey - Replication, which is based upon DSM-IV diagnostic criteria.

- ^c Serious psychological distress was defined as a score of ≥ 13 on the Kessler 6 scale.
- ^d Outpatient mental health treatment was "any outpatient treatment or counseling for any problem you were having with your emotions, nerves, or mental health."
- ^e Mental health prescriptions were "any prescription medication that was prescribed for you to treat a mental or emotional condition."
- f Substance abuse and dependence were based upon DSM-IV diagnostic criteria.
- ^g Specialized substance use treatment referred to services delivered in specialized treatment facilities (hospitals, rehab centers, methadone clinics, mental health clinics).