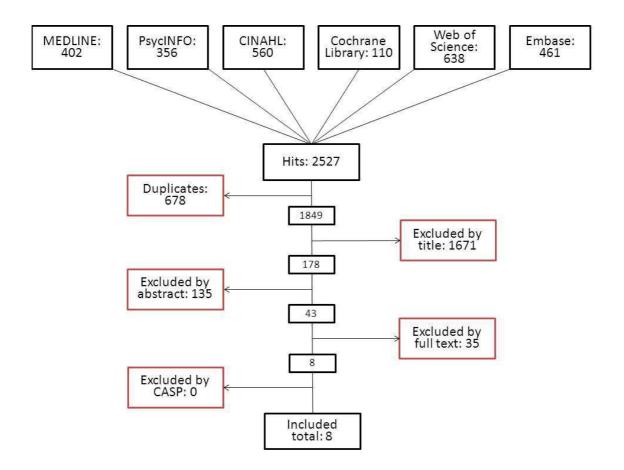
Table 1: List of search terms used in literature search<sup>1</sup>

1. Mental health	2. Inpatient settings	3. Recovery
mental health* OR	inpatient* OR inpatient	recover* OR recovery* OR
psychiatry* OR mental	care* OR bed patient* OR	recovery-oriented* OR
illness* OR mental	inpatient ward* OR	recovery oriented*
disorder* OR mental	inpatient unit* OR inpatient	
disease* OR mental	hospital* OR state	
problem* OR psychiatric	hospital* OR state hospital	
service*	ward* OR state hospital	
	unit* OR acute care* OR	
	acute ward* OR acute unit*	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The terms in each of the columns were used in three different searches. First we searched with the terms from column 1, followed by a search with the terms from column 2, and so forth. They were all combined with AND in a final search.

Figure 1: Flowchart of systematic literature search<sup>2</sup>



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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> From top of the flowchart: The search results from each of the databases used for literature search are shown in the top boxes. This amounted to 2527 hits in total, of which 678 were duplicates. We proceeded to read the titles and excluded 1671 studies. Then we read the abstracts and excluded an additional 135. From here we proceeded to read the entire text of the remaining studies and excluded 35. This left us with 8 studies, which we assessed using CASP.